- 1 BUCHANAN, JA.: You appear for yourself, Mr Thompson?
- 2 MR THOMPSON: I do, sir.
- 3 MR AHERN: May it please the court, I appear on behalf of the
- 4 first respondent.
- 5 BUCHANAN, JA: Yes, Mr Ahern.
- 6 MR GARDE: I appear with my learned friend, Ms Burchell, for the
- 7 Coliban Region Water Authority, if the Court pleases.
- 8 BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes, Mr, Garde.
- 9 MR GARDE: I don't know that it matters, Your Honours, as to
- 10 what order we start, but both respondents, of course,
- 11 bring applications for security for costs.
- 12 Very briefly, the proceedings have in the past
- 13 concerned two sub-divisions. One is described as the
- 14 Tylden Road subdivision. In substance, in 1980 the
- appellants gave guarantees concerning the construction of
- 16 roads and the provision of water supply to the Council and
- 17 the then Kyneton Water Board. In 1982 there was default
- in that roads and infrastructure was not provided - -
- 19 BUCHANAN, JA.: Mr Garde, we have read the reasons for the
- 20 decisions below - -
- 21 MR GARDE: Yes.
- 22 BUCHANAN, JA.: And we are quite familiar with the issues, I
- think.
- 24 MR GARDE: Yes. In those circumstances, Your Honours, we have
- an outline of submissions. They have been filed on the
- 26 24th of July 2007.
- 27 BUCHANAN, JA.: We have read those as well.
- 28 MR GARDE: Yes; if I then just highlight what we are submitting
- in paragraph 6. We submit, there, that the appeal is an
- 30 abuse of process, vexatious, and has no prospect of
- 31 success; and particularly, I wish to refer the court to

1	paragraph	106	of	His	Honour	Justice	Osborn's	reasons	for
2	decision.								

3 BUCHANAN, JA.: Sorry, what paragraph was that?

MR GARDE: 106, Your Honour. Paragraph 106 sets out the release
which the respondents had the benefit of, arising from the
Tylden Road County Court proceedings, and the court will
observe that it relates to "all claims, suits and demands,
whatsoever the subject matter of this proceeding".

If one then turns back to, in the same judgment, paragraph 56, the court will observe that in the amended statement of claim filed in those proceedings there are a whole series of allegations of contraventions of section 569, 569E of the former Local Government Act 1958; and, without reading out paragraph 56, it is apparent that allegations of contravention of the provisions of sections 569E and A, and 569 as such, were made in a variety of ways.

In paragraph 57, His Honour says "This pleading is manifestly inconsistent with assertions made in the first-named defendant's primary affidavit".

REDLICH, JA.: "Plaintiffs."

MR GARDE: I am sorry - I withdraw that - "the plaintiff's primary affidavit", and the basis on which that affidavit was sworn is then set out in place by His Honour. So we have a situation where there is a release, there is an amended statement of claim in those County Court proceedings which canvasses the issues in the way set out, and we have the first-named plaintiff in the current proceedings setting out the matters that are described in paragraph 57 which are patently inconsistent with the pleading in the County Court. That is the position with

the release in Tylden Road.

In terms of the Woodleigh Heights proceedings, I draw the court's attention to paragraph 176 of His Honour's reasons. In the fifth line, in paragraph 176, His Honour observes: "The words utilised in the release could scarcely be broader: 'All actions, suits, demands, and costs, arising out of or in any way related to the subject matter of the proceedings'. The phrase 'related to' has been recognised as having a deliberately broad intent". Then His Honour goes on to discuss IBM Australia, where those propositions are made good. So the respondents had the benefit of that release in the context of the Woodleigh Heights proceedings.

I would then draw to the court's attention paragraph 181 of the judgment dealing with matters of fact as recorded by His Honour in the context of the Woodleigh land, particularly (e) and (f). "(e) There is no evidence the defendants concealed relevant facts; (f) There is no evidence of new facts on the basis of which the plaintiffs could seek to avoid the limitations defence"; and there are similar observations made in the context of the Tylden Road proceedings in paragraph 101 at (c) and (d).

Paragraph 101(c) says "there has been no relevant concealment of the facts by the defendants which would provide an arguable basis for avoiding the relevant limitation period, and (d) "all the facts now relied upon are ascertainable upon the exercise of reasonable diligence since discovery in the Tylden Road County Court proceeding." So that is paragraph 101.

BUCHANAN, JA.: It seems to be apparent from the respondents' outline that they contend that the concealment rests in

1	the	way	in	which	counsel	has	conducted	the	litigation
2	belo	747							

MR GARDE: The position is that, at least it is said that, at the conclusion of the Tylden Road proceedings there was some material provided to the appellants which was not looked at for many years. The immediate difficulty that arises in the context of that particular submission is that, as His Honour notes, the exercise of reasonable diligence in reviewing it would clearly have disclosed the substance of that material. And a further difficulty is that the black book, as it is described, a book made available containing notes and records in the County Court proceedings, clearly shows the requisite level of knowledge. So there were just obvious problems, Your Honour, in the course of any suggestion that there was a fraudulent concealment, noting also Justice Dodds' decision as to what those words in the Limitations of Action Act really mean. So they were just some of the array of problems.

In terms of a limitation period: at the time when the current proceedings were issued, in 2005, around or in excess of 20 years had elapsed since the events in question and the dates upon which damage could reasonably be said to have been sustained. So below, before Master Efthim, and before His Honour, the respondents relied on the fact that the proceedings were patently out of time, the relevant period of six years, on any view, having long since expired.

In terms of the endeavour made to allege fraudulent concealment, His Honour and Master Efthim considered there to be no substance in that on examining the actual

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

- 1 pleadings that were before the court on the earlier
- 2 occasions; and secondly, on examining the documentation
- which was actually available in the course of discovery,
- 4 including plans. Then, of course, there was the question
- of the releases, and the action doctrine which also was
- 6 available to be called in aid.
- 7 So for those reasons, if the court pleases, if I
- gives 3 just refer to paragraph 6 onwards in our outline, it is a
- g case where the proceedings are, in our respectful
- 10 submission, truly an abuse of process and vexatious, and
- even on those bases have no prospect of success.
- 12 BUCHANAN, JA.: You don't have to establish that to obtain
- security for costs, surely?
- 14 MR GARDE: No, we don't.
- 15 BUCHANAN, JA.: You don't get security for costs because the
- 16 proceeding appears vexatious.
- 17 MR GARDE: Yes.
- 18 BUCHANAN, JA.: You get security for costs because there are
- 19 special circumstances - -
- 20 MR GARDE: Yes.
- 21 BUCHANAN, JA.: And prima facie, impecuniosity is one of those.
- 22 MR GARDE: Yes.
- 23 BUCHANAN, JA.: Now, I would have thought, in that context, that
- the prospects of success of the appeal are not they are
- not irrelevant, but they are of lesser moment.
- 26 MR GARDE: No.
- 27 BUCHANAN, JA.: It may be, it wouldn't shut out I mean, you
- 28 might be careful to shut out an appeal that had every
- 29 prospect of success.
- 30 MR GARDE: Yes.
- 31 BUCHANAN, JA.: But you don't, with respect, I would have

1	thought,	obtain	an	order	for	security	of	costs	just
2	because -								

3 MR GARDE: Yes.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

4 BUCHANAN, JA.: You can characterise the appeal as having little 5 prospect of success.

6 MR GARDE: Perhaps I should put it this way, Your Honour: 7 amongst the circumstances that exist in this case is the fact that there were these earlier proceedings; that they 8 9 were resolved, by settlement in one case and at mediation 10 in another case; and that, subsequently, specific performance of the second settlement following the 11 mediation was granted by His Honour, Justice Beach, and 12 13 those are amongst the circumstances which are before this 14 court and can be taken into account.

Moving on to the question of impecuniosity and assets, we note the absence of any affidavit from Mr Thompson.

Mr Thompson, as the court is aware from a reading of the judgment, is very experienced in the context of litigation. He has been involved in a good number of proceedings, as emerges, again, from the facts in this matter. He has not seen fit to come before this court with an affidavit setting out his position, and we note he says, if I look at page 42 of his outline of submission - and this is Roman numeral 8 at the very top on page 42, it is under the heading of "Insufficient Assets" on the previous pages - "In accord with the position held by me, I will not make any submissions as to my present financial position other than saying that previous submissions made by me in this regard do not purport to and cannot be construed to represent my present financial position." So

he is not forthcoming, either in terms of affidavit material or in terms of anything in his submission, in that respect.

We have, if the court pleases, in our paragraphs 10 and 11, referred to the fact that a warrant of seizure and sale was returned by the Deputy Sheriff, unsatisfied, in relation to a property in the name of the appellants, with the notation that the Bailiffs were unable to find any personal or real estate on which to make levy.

As to that, Mr Thompson says, at the top of his page 41, "Mr Edward sent a Sheriff to what he knows to be a vacant block of land owned by the appellants and which he states to be subject to the encumbrances referred to in paragraph 11 of his affidavit of 6 July 2007." "The Sheriff found nothing other than encumbered vacant block of land", and then he directs criticism at Mr Edward, which I won't read out.

In terms of impecuniosity, we note that Mr Thomson, in his own affidavit on the 18th of October 2005 described his current financial circumstances as limited, and that he was fully committed to providing for himself, his ex-wife and his daughter.

BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes. We have read all that, Mr Garde.

MR GARDE: Very good. Then the court will be aware of the varied terms of the outstanding costs orders which now amount to in excess of \$248,000 in terms of taxed costs orders. There are four different orders.

It is correct to say, Your Honour, that, despite those orders of the court, the appellants have elected to pay not one cent in reduction of those orders, despite the issue of the warrants. So no moneys have been paid at

all, and the respondents have every reason, in our submission, to be very concerned about their future position.

Searches disclose that the first appellant has, in relatively recent times, incorporated a company called Thompson Couplings Limited. The financial documentation associated with that has been reviewed. He appears to have adopted the practise of inviting venture capital from other persons, but if we look at what he says about that at page 42 of his written submission, under the heading Roman numeral 9, "ASIC Search and \$83,000 Loan to Company", 3, underneath that, says "The loan referred to is an ongoing loan, was provided years earlier and is not recoverable by me except as determined by the company to repay it", whatever that may mean, but he asserts it is not recoverable by him except on those terms.

The court will then observe that security has been demanded, and security was agreed. Mr Edward's Exhibit 57 was a letter from Mr Thompson whereby he agreed to provide security, and in this letter dated the 2nd of April 2007 Mr Thompson advised Maddocks and Arnold Dallas McPherson that he would undertake to "provide \$100,000 security for costs of the appeal by Friday, 15th of June 2007." "2: In default of my providing the said security I will withdraw from the appeal"; and 3, he sought that the directions hearing be adjourned until the first available date after 15 June 2007. That is what he wrote. Maddocks prepared appropriate consent orders to the above effect.

Subsequently, as Mr Edwards sets out in his affidavit, the first appellant recanted that position, and at the directions hearing before Master Cane on the 28th

1	of May stated that this consent was offered to buy time to
2	arrange for his counsel of choice to appear in that
3	proceedings. The court will be more generally aware that
4	the position of the first appellant's representation has
5	varied: before Master Efthim the then Mr John Middleton
6	QC and Mr Adams appeared for him; before Justice Osborn he
7	appeared on his own behalf, and in previous proceedings
8	Mr Francis Tiernan has not uncommonly appeared for him.
9	So one of the circumstances on which we rely, if the court
10	pleases, is the consent to the position of security
11	described in that letter and the subsequent reneging of
12	that, which is similar to what transpired following the
13	mediation before Mr Golvan which gave rise to the order
14	for specific performance before Justice Beach.
15	In terms of the quantum of security, if the court
16	pleases, we have filed an affidavit of Ms Melanie Jane
17	Crowe which, together with the evidence of Mr Edward, is
18	in support of the figure for security set out in the
19	summons.
20	BUCHANAN, JA.: Well, on what basis do you say that the appeal
21	will last for two days?
22	MR GARDE: On the basis of previous experience, and on the basis
23	of the lengthy submissions likely to be filed by
24	Mr Thompson and the lengthy submission likely to be made
25	of which this court has already had some experience.
26	BUCHANAN, JA.: But you say the issues are quite straight
27	forward, don't you?
28	MR GARDE: The legal issues are straight forward.
29	HIS HONOUR: Well, why will this court take two days to deal

with them?

30

1	court will fully listen to the submissions likely to be
2	advanced on behalf of the appellants. We are in the
3	court's hands but
4	BUCHANAN, JA.: How long did the case before Mr Justice Osborn
5	last?
6	MR GARDE: The answer to that is it was two days, and that is
7	the 31st October and the 1st of November. The case before
8	Master Efthim took longer and, there, the appellants were
9	represented. So one would hope, Your Honour, it could be
10	done in a single day; whether that is achievable is in the
11	hands of the court, essentially.
12	BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes, I see.
13	MR GARDE: If Your Honour pleases.
14	BUCHANAN, JA.: Mr Ahern?
15	MR AHERN: If Your Honours please. This application by the
16	first respondent is made in a context where you have had a
17	two-day hearing before Master Efthim where the appellants
18	were represented by Mr John Middleton, QC, and Mr Adams,
19	QC, where there was an extensive consideration of the
20	issues, written reasons and an indemnity costs order; an
21	appeal against that to Justice Osborn over two days again,
22	117 pages of written submissions by the appellants; again,
23	the appeal was dismissed; there was a hearing de novo,
24	again an indemnity costs order.
25	To date, the taxed costs and the assessed costs of
26	both respondents are \$478,000 and, in my submission, the

To date, the taxed costs and the assessed costs of both respondents are \$478,000 and, in my submission, the plaintiffs - there are two grounds for showing special circumstances in this case. One is that the appellants are impecunious in the sense that they would be unable to meet the costs of the Council and of the Water Authority in the event that the respondents are successful; and two,

27

28

29

30

1	in	the	context	that	this	appeal	has	poor	prospects	of
2	Suc	ccess	5.							

BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes, but you don't get, surely, security for costs just because the prospects of success are poor.

MR AHERN: No, it is combined with impecuniosity. There was a time when there was an established line of authority that said impecuniosity, of itself, was a special circumstance for Rule 64.24.

There has been a recent change, or a trend - the opinion has been expressed that impecuniosity, of itself, is not a sufficient consideration to be a special circumstance, but a significant consideration to be weighed with other circumstances, and the 'other circumstances' in this case, it is submitted, is the poor prospects of success.

One thing, on the poor prospects of success, that I wish to focus upon is the fact that the appellants concede, in essence, that the claims are manifestly statute barred given the six-year limitation period; but before Master Efthim, and before Justice Osborn, the appellants sought to rely on section 27B of the Limitations Act to say that the fraud, this is a case of fraud; the cause of action had been concealed by fraud, and in both circumstances, before both Master Efthim and Justice Osborn, that endeavour to overcome the six-year limitation hurdle was unsuccessful.

Now, one of the reasons for that was that the appellants, sir - we were given a black folder of documents in 1991, at the time we settled the prior Tylden Road proceeding. Now, that folder has been taken home and not read by the first appellant until 2000, August 2000.

1	The appellants say that in August 2000, in relation to
2	another proceedings again the Council, he took out the
3	folder and he read the documents.
4	BUCHANAN, JA.: What were the dates again, Mr Ahern? The fol

- lder
- 5 was supplied when?
- 6 MR AHERN: In 1991.

- Yes, and read in? 7 HIS HONOUR:
- MR AHERN: In August 2000. 8
- 9 BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes. Thank you.
- 10 MR AHERN: So there was a settlement of the prior Tylden Road
- proceeding, which only related to the residential land, 11

not the industrial land. This proceeding relates to both.

- 13 The earlier proceeding related to the residential land.
- 14 There was a settlement of that proceeding.
- appellant's evidence was that while the terms of 15
- settlement were being signed he was handed a black folder 16
- 17 and said "Could you hold this?", and terms were signed,
- but the black folder wasn't asked for back by the counsel 18
- for the Council. He then said "I had no reason to read 19
- 20 the folder because the proceeding was at an end".
- Then, in August 2000, he reviewed the documents, he 21
- 22 said, in relation to another proceeding against the
- 23 Council. The Council was claiming rates against the
- 24 appellants. He then took out the black folder and he read
- 25 the documents. His evidence was that reviewing those
- 26 documents, and then considering those documents in light
- 27 of an earlier proceeding, made him lead to certain
- conclusions, and it was those conclusions which then led 28
- to this proceeding. Now, both before Master Efthim and 29
- that was how he sought to postpone the limitation period. 30
- He maintained the limitation period commenced in August 31

1	2000	and,	therefore,	he	was	in	time	by	commencing
2	proce	eedino	as in Mav 20	005	_				

BUCHANAN, JA.: That is in August 2000, he discovered the facts which had been fraudulently concealed.

MR AHERN: That is what he says. He read documents which then led him to reflect upon earlier matters, which then led to this proceeding.

The problem that was encountered, both before Master Efthim and before Justice Osborn, was that the documents contained in the black folder had been discovered in the prior Tylden Road proceeding. They had been discovered in that proceeding and copies of them had been provided to his solicitor in that proceeding, and the finding was that there was a no concealment, and certainly no fraudulent concealment, because he had the relevant documents discovered to him by the Council, my client, in the prior Tylden Road proceeding. It is those aspects of the judgment of Justice Osborn that I would like to take you to, that deal with that issue.

20 BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes.

MR AHERN: If I could take you to page 22 of the reasons for decision, and it is paragraph 94.

At paragraph 94, His Honour sets out the plaintiff's core submission in relation to the present proceeding. He then sets out, in paragraph 95, three paragraphs from the appellant's submissions before him, and paragraph 40 of those submissions is the paragraph I wish to take you to, where it says "The defendants fraudulently concealed the facts behind these issues during the period 1979 until discovered by me in August 2000", and how he came to discover that is then dealt with by His Honour on page 31.

1	REDITCH.	. JA.:	Sorr	v. what	paragraph?
_		011.	· DOLL	y, wild.c	paragrapii.

2 MR AHERN: It starts at paragraph 108, where he deals with the 3 plaintiff's awareness of the facts, and the relevant 4 paragraph is 113 on page 32.

Master Efthim summarised the thrust of the first-named plaintiff's primary affidavit as to the background of this aspect of the matter as follows:

"Mr Thompson, in order to demonstrate that his action had not been statute-barred, has sworn in his first affidavit as follows: He initiated proceedings in the County Court in 1988 in relation to the Tylden Road land to recover moneys mistakenly paid pursuant to bank guarantees. He also claimed damages for losses occasioned by the mistaken calling up of the bank guarantees."

Now this comes to the black folder. "On the second day of the hearing the Defendants made an offer of \$40,000 to settle the matter and he agreed. Terms of settlement were drawn. At the time of signing the terms of settlement counsel for the Defendants handed to

Mr Thompson a large black folder containing copies of various documents. He took this material home and gave it a cursory glance but because he considered the matter to be at an end he did not look at the contents again until August 2000", and then there is paragraphs dealing with the other proceedings, the prior Woodleigh Heights proceedings.

Then, on the top of page 33: "In August 2000, Mr Thompson for the purpose of preparing a defence and counterclaim against the First Defendant in respect to a rates claim brought by the First Defendant, began reviewing all of the documents available to him. Upon

examining the documents within the black folder given to him in 1988" - but actually it was 1991 - "it became apparent to him that there were two versions of plans for the industrial allotments for the Tylden Road subdivision, namely complete versions and clipped version. The clipped versions had been clipped in the copying in such a manner as to remove or omit the identifying number which was present on the complete version."

"He noticed that the black folder also contained copies of residential series of Tylden Road plans and those plans had also been clipped and he recognised the clipped plans to be identical to those which had been admitted into evidence in the Magistrates' Court proceeding".

Now, at paragraph 114, he then reflects on those documents in the black folder and reflects upon the evidence given in the earlier Magistrates' Court proceeding. Then, on the bottom of page 34: "As a result of perusing the documents in the black folder ... and reviewing the documents tendered in the Magistrates' Court, and the evidence given by" - this is an officer of the Council - "in that Court I came to a number of conclusions." These were as follows, and those conclusions at the top of page 35 led to this proceeding.

The issue that I wish to take you to is, then, the acceptance by both Master Efthim and Justice Osborn that these documents in the black folder had been discovered to him in the prior Tylden Road proceeding, and that is on page 39, paragraph 125, where it starts: "There is a further fundamental problem confronting the plaintiffs' case as to further concealment of relevant facts. The

black folder comprised documents discovered in the County Court proceedings. In this regard I accept the conclusions of Master Efthim at paragraphs 53 and 54 of his decision" - and they are - "It is clear from Mr Thompson's first affidavit that critical documents in the black folder which led to this matter being further litigated are the complete version of the plans of the industrial allotments of the Tylden Road subdivision."

"In relation to these claims, I note that Michelle Elizabeth Dixon, solicitor, for the First Defendant has sworn that she has reviewed the documents discovered by the First Defendant in the Tylden Road proceedings heard previously. Each of the documents described by Mr Thompson as the complete plans were discovered by the First Defendant in the Tylden Road proceedings as discovered document number 4 in its supplementary affidavit sworn 23 May 1989. She also swears that the clipped versions of the plans were also discovered. addition, it appears from correspondence that Neville & Co., solicitors acting on behalf of Mr Thompson, requested and were provided with a copy of all documents discovered by the First Defendant by supplementary affidavit of documents", apart from one document. "A complete version of the plans were therefore provided to Neville & Co."

"Mr Edwards, solicitor, for the Second Defendant, swore that he undertook inspection of documents discovered by the Plaintiffs in the second, earlier proceedings. Those documents include a copy of the complete version of plans of industrial allotments". So both Justice Osborn and Master Efthim found that the documents in the black folder which led to, which documents then led to this

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

proceeding, had been discovered by the Council in the prior Tylden Road proceeding; therefore, there had been no concealment; therefore, the 27B hurdle was not overcome.

Now, in Mr Thompson's written submissions in this matter there is no mention about how, as to why that is wrong. He goes to great length in his submissions to say why the earlier proceedings and this proceedings are different, but he doesn't go on to say that these documents were not discovered in the previous proceedings, and as to why the findings by Master Efthim, and by Justice Osborn more relevantly, are wrong on the 27B hurdle.

He makes two references to this issue and they are on pages 3 and 39 of his submissions. At the bottom of page 3 of his outline he says: "The appellants, on the other hand, relied upon section 27 of the Limitations of Actions Act as detail in stock(?) that the necessary fraudulent concealment was manifestly present", but he doesn't deal with the discovery issue.

On page 39 of his outline, at paragraph (d), under the heading "The Present Claims are Statute-Barred", he states: "They were concealed by perjury, false affidavits, false admissions, and by the very conduct of the previous proceedings. This concealment was fraudulent, known to be wrong, done for the purpose of concealing the present right of action. All of the acts which are fraudulent concealment necessary for section 27 relief are present", but doesn't go on to deal with why, or why the finding by Justice Osborn that these documents had been discovered is wrong. All of these documents had not been discovered to him in the previous proceedings.

In relation to the - as you are aware, there was
also a prior Woodleigh Heights proceeding. The current
proceedings is for both the Tylden Road land, and the
Woodleigh Heights land. There was an earlier Tylden Road
proceeding in the County Court, and an earlier Woodleigh
Heights proceeding in the Supreme Court. Mr Thompson's
position was that, having reflected upon reading the
folders in the black folder, and having considered what
had happened in relation to the Tylden Road land, he then
further reflected on what may have happened in relation to
Woodleigh Heights. So those documents led to a reflection
and conclusions in relation to the Woodleigh Heights land
as well

On that issue His Honour, Justice Osborn, says the following on page 45 at paragraph 144: "In the first instance the first-named plaintiff contends that his understanding of the character of the defendants' conduct with respect to the Woodleigh land flowed from his understanding of the character of the defendants' conduct with respect to the Tylden land. Insofar as this is so, it falls with the limitation defence in respect of the Tylden land."

Now, if I can just elaborate upon what Master Efthim said about that. He elaborated a little bit more about that reflection. I am not sure whether we have to hand the reasons by Master Efthim?

BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes, we do.

MR AHERN: They are Exhibit 7 to the affidavit of Rosemary (?).

That is page 20 at paragraph 59, where Master Efthim

stated: "I am also at a loss to understand how there has

been any concealment in relation to the Woodleigh Heights

1	land.	- 11
	land.	

"I note that Mr Thompson swears that upon reaching the conclusions in relation to the Tylden Road land he began to consider the possibility that the first defendant may have acted unlawfully in relation to the Woodleigh Heights land. He therefore reconsidered the failed 1995 proceedings" - which is the prior Woodleigh Heights proceeding - "and the reticulation plan which had been shown to him in the Practice Court. He then realised that the first defendant had sealed the plans of cluster subdivision in contravention of their statutory duty to refuse to seal them. Furthermore, they did so in full knowledge that the subdivision had not been completed according to law, and a reticulated water supply was not present in 1979 as required. I learned that was later 1982."

Now, the conclusions reached by Mr Thompson in relation to the Woodleigh Heights land flowed from the documents in the black folder. The documents in the black folder were discovered to him in the prior Tylden Road proceeding. That is a hurdle that is going to be very difficult for the appellants to overcome in this appeal and, in my submission, it is not touched upon or dealt with by Mr Thompson in his outline of submissions in this court.

Now, that point, covered with the impecuniosity of the appellants, in my submission, gives rise to special circumstances under Order 64.24.

BUCHANAN, JA.: Thank you, Mr Ahern.

30 Mr, Thompson, do you have a submission you wish to make?

1 $$ MR THOMPSON: Your Honours, no doubt, have read my subm	1 MR	z submissio	ns.
---	------	-------------	-----

- BUCHANAN, JA.: We have, and there is no need, really, to repeat
- 3 what it is you have written.
- 4 MR THOMPSON: Yes.
- 5 BUCHANAN, JA.: But is there anything you would like to
- 6 emphasise or add to - -
- 7 MR THOMPSON: Yes. Just, in relation to what has just been
- 8 said, I would just like to make a couple of short
- 9 comments.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

With regard to what was said by Mr Garde in relation to the releases, the only point I would make is that the releases cannot, and do not, release or include that which was concealed at the time; and the only other aspect that I wish to make is in relation to all this discovery that was just spoken about.

The first thing to note is that neither Master

Efthim nor Justice Osborn had looked at the black folder.

Now, in order to accept what they say about that black folder, both in the Tylden Road proceeding they, in fact, concealed by false admission those things which were set out in my statement of claim, paragraph 7. They made false admissions as to those things.

In order to accept what they say now, one has to believe that discovery showed that their false admissions were, in fact, true. You see, it is self-defeating. And the other thing is that, in relation to the black folder, their arguments on the day were in relation to the plans; nothing to do with the section 569E notices. And certainly, the black folder does contain details of the plans, but there is certainly no evidence at all of the fact that the 569E notices were not issued, and no

1	evidence at all that their admissions to the paragraph 7
2	of the statement of claim were false. And I can't see how
3	they can argue that - their discovery, in fact, gave the
4	lie to their pleadings, and at the appeal, sir, I will
5	show that.
6	I think that is about all the direct comment I need
7	make.
8	BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes. Thank you Mr Thompson. I take it those
9	submissions are made on behalf of your co-appellant?
10	MR THOMPSON: Yes, they were, sir.
11	REDLICH, JA.: Mr Thompson, did the trial judge address the
12	point that you are now making, that
13	MR THOMPSON: No, he did not.
14	REDLICH, JA.: Discovery in the earlier proceedings did not
15	result in production of all the documents contained in the
16	black folder? That is your point now; is it not?
17	MR THOMPSON: Yes. You see, my point now is that when this
18	point was argued, first of all before Master Efthim, and
19	then Justice Osborn, they raised the proposition that the
20	that the plans were subdivision rather than 569E notices
21	that were the cause of action. They were dealing with the
22	wrong thing. The court was, well, misled as to what the
23	true case was.
24	Then they were saying that the black folder
25	contained evidence, of course, of the unlawful plans.
26	Well, that is true. But they are also irrelevant. The
27	black folder did not contain evidence of the fact that the
28	569E notices had not been issued. The black folder, in
29	fact, gave evidence of what they pleaded in their
30	pleadings, which was, in fact, the false admissions to the

paragraph 7 of the day, to my paragraph 7.

Т	BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes. Thank you, Mr Thompson.
2	Is there anything you wish to say in reply,
3	Mr Garde?
4	MR GARDE: Two things. The appellants were at liberty to
5	produce whatever documentation they wanted to, to Master
6	Efthim, and to His Honour, Justice Osborn, in support of
7	their contentions, including any documentation derived
8	from the so-called black folder. If they did not do so,
9	that is entirely a matter for them.
10	The second observation is that in the judgment
11	Justice Osborn refers to, I think it is 'the shifting
12	kaleidoscope' of the arguments which were advanced before
13	him, and it would seem to us this court has had a similar
14	experience.
15	They are the only things.
16	BUCHANAN, JA.: Do you have anything you wish to add, Mr Ahern?
17	MR AHERN: I want to say, Your Honours, the matters in relation
18	to the black folders, that are repeated in the judgment,
19	come from the primary affidavit of Mr Thompson dated the
20	18th of October 2005, copies of which I have here if Your
21	Honours would like to look at the relevant paragraphs.
22	BUCHANAN, JA.: Has Mr Thompson been given a copy of this
23	document?
24	MR GARDE: This was the primary affidavit relied upon by
25	Mr Thompson, both before Master Efthim and before Justice
26	Osborn. Paragraph 26 on page 5 will have some familiarity
27	with what I have read before from the judgment.
28	"On the second day of the hearing the Council and
29	the Water Board made an offer for \$40,000 to settle the
30	matter. I was advised that I should accept the offer of
31	settlement. I agreed and terms of settlement were drawn

and signed. At the time of signing the terms of
settlement counsel for the Council and Water Board handed
me a large black folder containing copies of various
documents. I took this material home and gave it a
cursory glance, but because I considered the matter to be
at an end I archived the folder. I did not look at its
contents again until August 2000."

"Had I been aware of the matters deposed to in paragraph 56 I would not have settled the 1988 proceeding".

In paragraph 53, paragraph 53 page 12, "(a) For the purpose of preparing a defence and counterclaim against the Council in respect to a rates claim which the Council had brought against me, I again began a review of all the documents available to me. I re-examined the contents of the large black folder referred to in paragraph 26 of this affidavit. (b) Upon examining the documents within the black folder it became apparent that there were two versions of the plans for the industrial allotments" - and that is the clipped and unclipped version which I have read out from Justice Osborn's reasons. (c) I then - - - BUCHANAN, JA.: Mr Thompson says it has got nothing to do with the plans at all.

- 24 MR AHERN: No, that is what he is saying now.
- 25 BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes.

- 26 MR THOMPSON: This is what he said before.
- 27 BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes, I follow.
- 28 MR AHERN: I am just saying that the first this was the basis
- which he relied upon in two earlier proceedings. If
- 30 Your Honour pleases.
- 31 BUCHANAN, JA.: The Court will temporarily adjourn.

1	(Short adjournment).
2	BUCHANAN, JA.: Mr Thompson, although the debate in this Court
3	has been largely concerned with the prospects of success
4	of the appeals, of course, that is a relevant factor, but
5	first and foremost the special circumstances which can
6	justify the grant of an order for security for costs
7	concern the appellants' financial position, and where
8	appellants do appear to be impecunious so that they won't
9	be able to meet the costs of the successful respondent to
10	an appeal the prospects of success assume really a
11	secondary importance.
12	Is there anything you want to say about the first
13	aspect, that is, your financial position and the financial
14	position of your wife?
15	MR THOMPSON: Sir, firstly, I apologise. I guess I
16	misunderstood. I thought that the prospect of success was
17	a high priority.
18	BUCHANAN, JA.: No, it is not. In the first instance, the
19	discretion is enlivened by your financial position and
20	what will happen if the appeals fail.
21	The prospects of success are relevant in that if
22	there is a very strong prospect of success the court is
23	loath to shut out an appellant. On the other hand, if the
24	prospects of success are more dubious, then the court
25	might be more inclined to act upon the evidence of
26	impecuniosity. But in the first instance, it is that
27	which is important.
28	MR THOMPSON: Yes. Sir, then, indeed, what I said in my
29	submission, that I didn't intend to make any submission in
30	that regard; what I will say, sir, is that I am entirely

capable.

- 1 BUCHANAN, JA.: Sorry?
- 2 MR THOMPSON: What I will say, sir, is that I am entirely
- 3 capable of providing the security, and meeting all of the
- 4 costs that were awarded in the first case.
- 5 BUCHANAN, JA.: I see. Is that all you wish to say?
- 6 MR THOMPSON: Is there something else, sir?
- 7 BUCHANAN, JA.: That is a matter for you to determine.
- 8 MR THOMPSON: I am not sure how I can add to it anyway.
- 9 REDLICH, JA.: Well, Mr Thompson, it should be evident from the
- 10 material filed against you that that assertion you have
- 11 made from the Bar table is not accepted by the other
- 12 parties. So you really need to reflect upon whether or
- not that is all you want to do, to simply make such an
- 14 assertion from the Bar table.
- MR THOMPSON: Well, such an assertion as to liability?
- 16 BUCHANAN, JA.: Yes, Mr Thompson?
- 17 MR THOMPSON: You mean as regards liability?
- 18 REDLICH, JA.: I am just pointing out to you that the material
- that has been filed makes clear, on the respondent's part,
- 20 that they challenge your ability - -
- 21 MR THOMPSON: Yes, they do.
- 22 REDLICH, JA.: Either to pay the costs generally of the previous
- 23 proceedings or make security.
- 24 MR THOMPSON: Yes. And I, on the other hand, challenge their
- assertion that it has no prospect of success.
- 26 BUCHANAN, JA.: Well, really, I think Justice Redlich's point is
- that we can't simply act upon a bald statement,
- unsupported by any evidence, that you are able to pay the
- costs.
- 30 MR THOMPSON: Yes. I understand that.
- 31 (Ruling follows)